

4.2

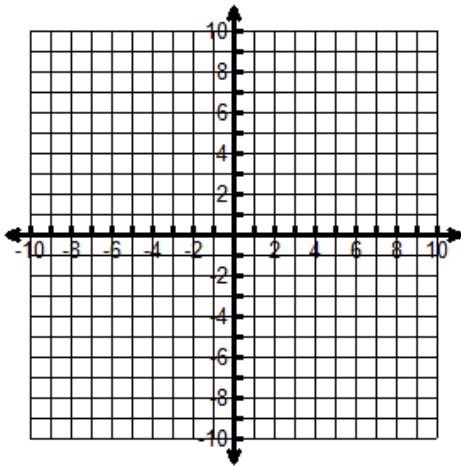
Key Features of Graphs

Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

Analyze the key features of each given function.

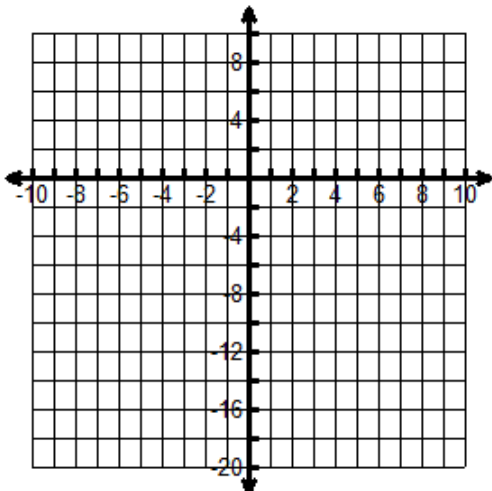
- Graph the function
- Identify the intercepts (x and y)
- Identify the relative maximums and minimums
- Identify the intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant
- Identify the intervals where the function is positive or negative
- Determine end behavior
- Determine symmetry

1. $f(x) = -2x^2 + 4$



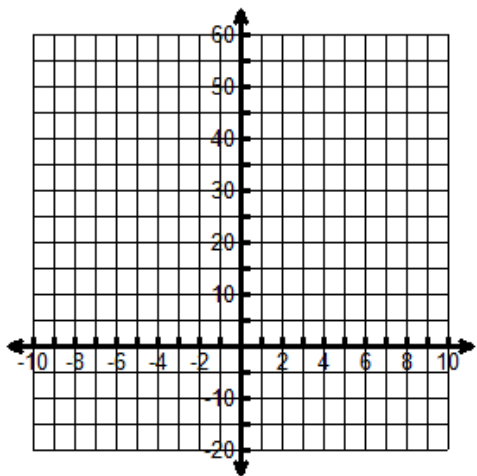
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2. $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 9x - 9$



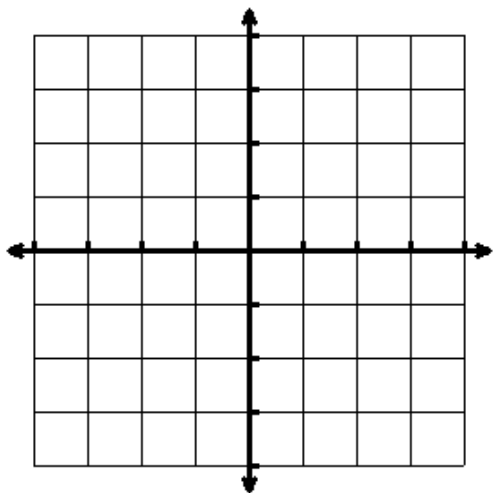
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3. $f(x) = e^{x+4} - 3$



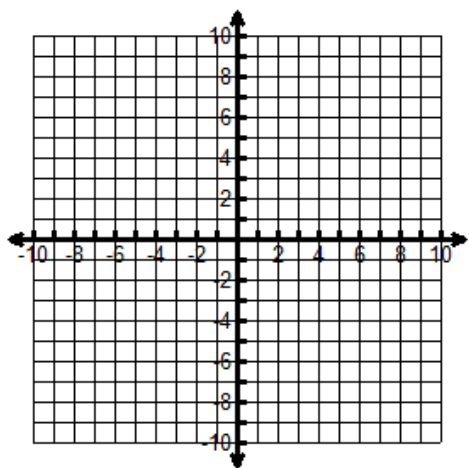
- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.
- e.
- f.
- g.

4. $f(x) = 3\sin(-x)$



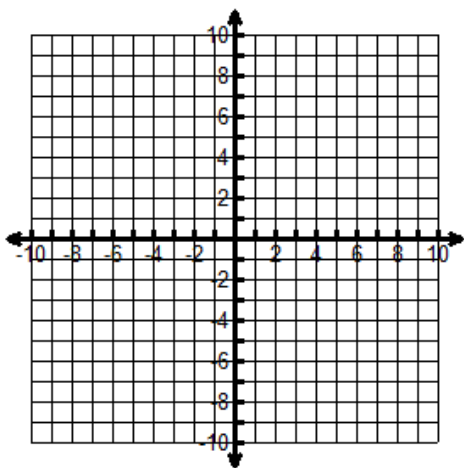
- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.
- e.
- f.
- g.

5. $f(x) = \frac{-2}{3}x$



- b.
- c.
- d.
- e.
- f.
- g.

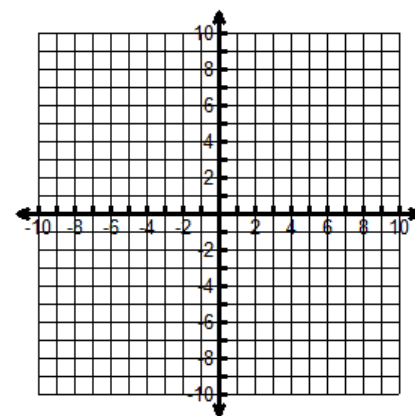
6. $f(x) = \ln(x-3) - 1$



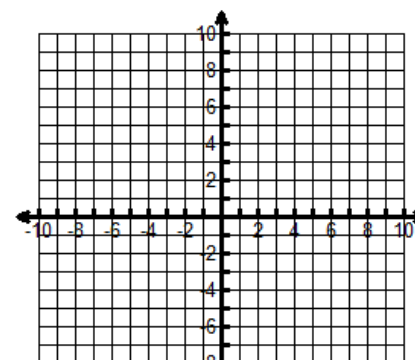
- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.
- e.
- f.
- g.

Use the characteristics to sketch a graph of the function described.

7. $f(x)$ is a function with intercepts at $(-1, 0)$ and $(0, 3)$, end behavior $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$ and passes through the point $(3, 7)$.



8. $f(x)$ is an even function with a minimum at $(-2, -5)$, a maximum at $(0, 0)$, intercepts at $(-3, 0)$ and $(3, 0)$, and end behavior $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$.



9. $f(x)$ is a function with intercepts at $(-5, 0)$, $(-2, 0)$, $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$ and $(4, 0)$, maximums at $(-4, 38)$ and $(1, 5)$, minimums at $(-1, -6)$, and $(3, -12)$, and end behavior $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$.

